II projects shall perform a noise analysis of sufficient scope to provide information needed to make the determination required by §772.13(a) of this chapter

§ 772.11 Noise abatement.

- (a) In determining and abating traffic noise impacts, primary consideration is to be given to exterior areas. Abatement will usually be necessary only where frequent human use occurs and a lowered noise level would be of benefit.
- (b) In those situations where there are no exterior activities to be affected by the traffic noise, or where the exterior activities are far from or physically shielded from the roadway in a manner that prevents an impact on exterior activities, the interior criterion shall be used as the basis of determining noise impacts.
- (c) If a noise impact is identified, the abatement measures listed in §772.13(c) of this chapter must be considered.
- (d) When noise abatement measures are being considered, every reasonable effort shall be made to obtain substantial noise reductions.
- (e) Before adoption of a final environmental impact statement or finding of no significant impact, the highway agency shall identify:
- (1) Noise abatement measures which are reasonable and feasible and which are likely to be incorporated in the project, and
- (2) Noise impacts for which no apparent solution is available.
- (f) The views of the impacted residents will be a major consideration in reaching a decision on the reasonableness of abatement measures to be provided.
- (g) The plans and specifications will not be approved by FHWA unless those noise abatement measures which are reasonable and feasible are incorporated into the plans and specifications to reduce or eliminate the noise impact on existing activities, developed lands, or undeveloped lands for which development is planned, designed, and programmed.

§772.13 Federal participation.

(a) Federal funds may be used for noise abatement measures where:

- (1) A traffic noise impact has been identified,
- (2) The noise abatement measures will reduce the traffic noise impact, and
- (3) The overall noise abatement benefits are determined to outweigh the overall adverse social, economic, and environmental effects and the costs of the noise abatement measures.
- (b) For Type II projects, noise abatement measures will only be approved for projects that were approved before November 28, 1995, or are proposed along lands where land development or substantial construction predated the existence of any highway. The granting of a building permit, filing of a plat plan, or a similar action must have occurred prior to right-of-way acquisition or construction approval for the original highway. Noise abatement measures will not be approved at locations where such measures were previously determined not to be reasonable and feasible for a Type I project.
- (c) The noise abatement measures listed below may be incorporated in Type I and Type II projects to reduce traffic noise impacts. The costs of such measures may be included in Federal-aid participating project costs with the Federal share being the same as that for the system on which the project is located.
- (1) Traffic management measures (e.g., traffic control devices and signing for prohibition of certain vehicle types, time-use restrictions for certain vehicle types, modified speed limits, and exclusive lane designations).
- (2) Alteration of horizontal and vertical alignments.
- (3) Acquisition of property rights (either in fee or lesser interest) for construction of noise barriers.
- (4) Construction of noise barriers (including landscaping for aesthetic purposes) whether within or outside the highway right-of-way.
- (5) Acquisition of real property or interests therein (predominantly unimproved property) to serve as a buffer zone to preempt development which would be adversely impacted by traffic noise. This measure may be included in Type I projects only.
- (6) Noise insulation of public use or nonprofit institutional structures.